Conventional product geometric tolerance standard, as shown below.

| Types | Equipment | Testing Site \& Requirements | Machining Capability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| // | CMM | Between the two processing surfaces, at least 4 dots should be made at different positions on each surface, if one length of the square is $\geq 40 \mathrm{~mm}$, and the cylinder $\geq \Phi 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ the dot should be increased by 2 to 4 . | Square $\geq 15 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$, $\Phi \geq 15 \mathrm{~mm}$, <br> $\leq 0.1$ |
|  | Imaging Instrument | The distance between the different positions of the two straight line ends between the two processing surfaces, the absolute value of distance 1 to distance 2 . | $\begin{gathered} \text { Square }<15 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}, \\ \Phi<15 \mathrm{~mm} \\ / / \leq 0.05 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\underline{+}$ | CMM | When testing between two surfaces, pay attention to input the testing height and testing datum, and the testing result is the dimension value in mm . | $90^{\circ} \pm 0.5^{\circ}$ <br> to measure the verticality, |
|  | Imaging Instrument | The right angle is measured by two adjacent straight lines, and the detection result will be an angle value, such as $60^{\circ}$. | the height |
| (0) | CMM | Measure the inner and outer surfaces of the ring, each surface is divided into three sections with different heights, and at least 3 points are marked on each section. |  |
|  | Imaging Instrument / <br> Dial Indicator | The imager detects the two circle centers first, and obtains the coaxiality through the distance between the two circle centers. The dial indicator is used to fix the mandrel with a bracket, and the dial indicator rotates the entire cylinder for measurement. | ( Not suitable for segment) |
| $\frac{-}{-}$ | CMM | It basically measures the irregular shape. When measuring the entire surface, the coordinates are established in the middle position. The difference between the two areas. | $\leq 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | Imaging Instrument | When measuring the entire surface, the coordinates are established in the middle position, and the line segment distance difference between the two sides is measured by the middle line. | $\leq 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\square$ | CMM | There should be at least 4 dots at different positions on a surface, 2 to 4 dots should be added for the single side of the square $\geq 40 \mathrm{~mm}$, and the column $\geq \Phi 40 \mathrm{~mm}$. | 0.05 mm |
| O | CMM | A cylinder is divided into three sections with different heights, and each section has at least 3 points. |  |
|  | V-shape Groove \& Dial Indicator | The pointer of the dial indicator is placed at the starting point of the cylinder, and the product passing through the V groove rotates to the end point to measure the fluctuation value. | $\leq 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $\bigcirc$ | Imaging Instrument | Measuring the R arc surface to get the true roundness. | 0.1 mm , <br> Wire cutting 0.15 mm |

